Section 1

## Program Components 2605(a), 2605(b)(1) – Assurance 1, 2605(c)(1)(C)

**1.1** Check which components you will operate under the LIHEAP program. (Note: You must provide information for each component designated here as requested elsewhere in this plan.)

			Dates of Ope	ration	
$\boxtimes$	Heating assistance	Start date:	10/01/2023	End date: 05/15/2024	
	Cooling assistance	Start date:		End date:	
$\bowtie$	Crisis assistance	Start date:	10/01/2023	End date: 09/30/2024	
$\square$	Weatherization assistan	ce Start date:	07/01/2024	End date: 06/30/2025	

# Estimated Funding Allocation, 2604(c), 2605(k)(1), 2605(b)(9), 2605(b)(16) – Assurances 9 and 16

**1.2** Estimate what amount of available LIHEAP funds will be used for each component that you will operate: **The total of all percentages must add up to 100%.** 

- <u>61</u>% heating assistance
- <u>0</u>% cooling assistance
- <u>15</u>% weatherization assistance
- <u>5</u>% carryover to the following Federal fiscal year
- <u>10</u>% administrative and planning costs
- 0 % services to reduce home energy needs including needs assessment (Assurance 16)
- <u>0</u>% used to develop and implement leveraging activities

<u>100</u>% **TOTAL** 

#### Alternate Use of Crisis Assistance Funds, 2605(c)(1)(C)

**1.3** The funds reserved for winter crisis assistance that have not been expended by March 15 will be reprogrammed to:

Heating assistance

Weatherization assistance

Cooling assistance

Other (specify): <u>Continue to use for Crisis Assistance</u>

**1.4** Do you consider households categorically eligible if one household member receives one of the following categories of benefits in the left column below? Yes Xes

	Heating	Cooling	Crisis	Weatherization
SNAP				
TANF				
SSI				
Means-tested veteran's program				
Other (Specify): Households entirely composed	Х		Х	Х
of persons receiving Supplemental Security				
Income (SSI), TANF, or Food Stamps (SNAP) in				
the previous month from the date of				
application will be deemed a categorically				
eligible household.				

**1.5** Do you automatically enroll households without a direct annual application?

Yes 🛛 No -- If yes, explain:

**1.6** How do you ensure there is no difference in the treatment of categorically eligible households from those not receiving other public assistance when determining eligibility and benefit amounts?

All households at or below 60% of the state median income are eligible for benefits calculated in the same manner, regardless of whether there is a household member who receives categorical assistance or not. Households entirely composed of persons receiving Supplemental Security Income (SSI), TANF, or Food Stamps (SNAP) in the previous month from the date of application are deemed to be income eligible, i.e., the benefit for a categorically eligible household whose income exceeds the guidelines will be calculated using the maximum eligible income level.

## **SNAP Nominal Payments**

**1.7 a**. Do you allocate LIHEAP funds toward a nominal payment for SNAP clients? Yes X No

# If you answered "Yes" to question 1.7s, you must provide a response to questions 1.7b, 1.7c, and 1.7d.

17.b Amount of Minimal Assistance: \$\_\_\_\_\_

17.c Frequency of Assistance:

Once per year

Once every five years

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

**1.7d** How do you confirm that the household receiving a nominal payment has an energy cost or need?

1.8 Determination of Eligibility – Countable Income

In determining a household's income eligibility for LIHEAP, do you use gross income or net income?

Gross Income

Net Income

**1.9** Select all the applicable forms of countable income used to determine a household's income eligibility for LIHEAP.

- Wages
- Self-employment income
- Contract income
- Payments from mortgage or sales contracts
- Unemployment Insurance
- Strike pay
- Social Security Administration (SSA) benefits
  - Including Medicare deduction 🛛 Excluding Medicare deduction
- Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
- Retirement / pension benefits
- General Assistance benefits
- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) benefits
- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits
- Women, Infants, and Children Supplemental Nutrition Program (WIC) benefits
- Loans that need to be repaid
- 🔀 Cash gifts
  - Savings account balance
- One-time lump-sum payments, such as rebates/credits, winnings from lotteries, refund deposits, etc.
- Jury duty compensation
- 🔀 Rental income
- $\boxtimes$  Income from employment through Workforce Investment Act (WIA)
- Income from work study programs
- Alimony
- Child support
- Interest, dividends, or royalties
- Commissions
  - Legal settlements
- Insurance payments made directly to the insured
- Insurance payments made specifically for the repayment of a bill, debt, or estimate
- Veterans Administration (VA) benefits
  - Earned income of a child under the age of 18
- Balance of retirement, pension, or annuity accounts where funds cannot be withdrawn without a penalty.
  - Income tax refunds
  - Stipends from senior companion programs, such as VISTA
  - Funds received by household for the care of a foster child
  - Ameri-Corp Program payments for living allowances, earnings, and in-kind aid.
  - Reimbursements (for mileage, gas, lodging, meals, etc.)
  - Other

#### Section 2 - HEATING ASSISTANCE

#### Eligibility, 2605(b)(2) – Assurance 2

2.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the heating component:

Household size	Eligibility Guideline	Eligibility Threshold
All Household Sizes	State Median Income	60.00%

 $\square$ 

**2.2** Do you have additional eligibility requirements for <u>HEATING</u> <u>ASSISTANCE</u>?

- **2.3** Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.
- Do you require an assets test?
- Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:
  - Renters?
  - Renters living in subsidized housing?
  - Renters with utilities included in the rent?
- Do you give priority in eligibility to:
  - Elderly?
  - Disabled?
  - Young children?
  - Households with high energy burdens?
  - Other?

#### Explanations of policies for each "yes" checked above:

Renters with Utilities Included in the Rent, please see section 3.4.16
 If the customer lives in a mobile home and owns the unit, indicate they are an owner even if they pay lot rent in a mobile home park.

Landlord and/or management company contact information is essential to Weatherization referrals. For <u>all</u> rental situations, agencies shall enter, in the system, the landlord or management company contact information. The landlord's or management company name, address and phone number are <u>required</u>.

Workers shall not allow an application to deny if the customer does not provide landlord information within 30 days of the application date. Applications may need to be reinstated if denied incorrectly for not providing landlord information.

Customers are required to provide verification for the following payment methods and the means of verification must be indicated in Home Energy Plus (HE+) System Notes:

- Rental payment includes energy in the monthly rent.
- Separate payment is made to the landlord, mobile home park owner...
- Do not pay

2. Priority in eligibility to elderly, disabled and households with young children, please see section: 8.2.3

## 8.2.3 Outreach

- Agencies are required to provide outreach services to maximize participation of eligible persons for WHEAP benefits. Outreach activities must target households with disabled persons, elderly persons, children under six years old, and persons working at low-wage jobs (working poor). The "outreach indicator" is a question on the paper and system application. See Section 3.4.4 for more information about the outreach indicator.
- 2) Agencies are required to prominently display the Home Energy Plus Weatherization/WHEAP Co-Branding Poster in the agency's main waiting area for WHEAP intake. WHEAP are encouraged to also consider displaying the poster in intake workers' offices, outreach locations, and other appropriate areas. Agencies may choose to develop and display their own WHEAP posters provided they contact the HE+ logo and the county/tribe specific Co-Branding logo.
- 3) Agencies are encouraged to play the Home Energy Plus Weatherization/WHEAP video(s)\* in agencies' main customer service waiting areas. Agencies shall make the Home Energy Plus video(s) accessible via electronic media such as Facebook, Twitter and/or the agency website, if feasible.
- Agencies shall reference and provide the Online Application link (energybenefit.wi.gov) via electronic media such as Facebook, Twitter, and/or the agency website, if feasible.
- 5) Agencies are required to ensure that persons with limited English proficiency (LEP) have meaningful and equal access to benefits and services. The agency is required to provide spoken interpretation in addition to translated written publications as some individuals may not read English or other language. The agency must have a mechanism to communicate orally with people with LEP. Providing the Spanish version of the Home Energy Plus (HE+) Application is not fulfilling this policy requirement. If the applicant requires spoken communication and/or explanation in addition to the translated application, agencies shall ensure verbal interpretation is available.
- 6) Agencies are required to provide services to the disabled and impaired, including but not limited to assisting applicants with the completion of the application form, translation of material, interpretation services for deaf, and reading services for blind.
- 7) Agencies must establish HE+ application sites that are accessible to targeted households and process submitted Online Applications within a reasonable time.
- 8) Agencies must comply with Federal Law and provide an alternate intake site separate from a site which administers W-2/TANF. All agencies are compliant due to the implementation of Online Applications.
- 9) Agencies must provide assistance with the preparation and submittal of applications by persons who are homebound.
- 10) Agencies must arrange an early application period for persons in targeted groups and high-risk households.
- 11) Agencies are required to complete a Program Operations and Community

Service Plan (POCS) Plan. The Division provided template is available on the HE+ Training & Technical Assistance website under WHEAP>Forms. Each agency is required to review their current Plan and update the date reviewed section on the Plan before the start of each program year. The goal of this plan is to provide agencies with a means to describe how the agency will conduct outreach, how they will identify and enroll eligible households in their communities and explain how the agency will reach targeted households. The POCS Plan should indicate what other community resources/stakeholders play a role in this outreach effort and identify key stakeholders that the agency coordinates efforts/referrals with. In addition, the list should indicate the local agency's contact person and the resource services provided. The plan must be made available to the Division upon request.

12) Agencies may establish interagency agreements with other low-income program offices to perform some of the outreach activities to targeted groups.

\*The Home Energy Plus videos are on the Home Energy Plus Training and Technical Website (HE+ TTA) under Administration > HE+ Videos.

#### Determination of Benefits, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

**2.4** Describe how you prioritize the provision of heating assistance to vulnerable populations, e.g., benefit amounts, application periods, etc.

There is no differentiation in the formula for calculating benefits however, funds are allocated specifically to allow for outreach to vulnerable households including those with elderly, disabled or young children as residents. These households are encouraged and assisted to apply for LIHEAP benefits.

The benefit formula for the State of Wisconsin provides a 4:1 ratio for households with high energy burdens. Households with the highest energy burden and the lowest income receive the highest benefit. The State of Wisconsin rounds downs the median income guidelines for determining income eligibility.

In addition, there is an early application period targeted to households with fixed income (Social Security Benefits, Pensions, dividends/interest income and/or Veteran's Benefits) which allows them to apply in the summer months for the following Federal Fiscal Year.

**2.5** Check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels. (Check all that apply):

🔀 Income
imes Family (household) size
🛛 Home energy cost or need:
🔀 Fuel type
Climate/region
igwedge Individual bill
🔀 Dwelling type
🔀 Energy burden (% of income spent on home energy)
Energy need
Other (Describe)

#### Benefit Levels, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

**2.6** Describe estimated benefit levels for the fiscal year for which this plan applies:

\$<u>30</u> Minimum benefit <u>\$2,122</u> Maximum benefit

2.7 Do you provide in-kind (e.g., blankets, space heaters) and/or other forms of benefits?

 $\boxtimes$  Yes  $\square$  No -- If yes, describe.

Wisconsin Home Energy Assistance Program (WHEAP) agencies (sub-grantees) can provide additional services such as blankets, space heaters, weatherization stripping, LED's, etc. LIHEAP funds are used to provide the additional services.

If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

## Section 3: COOLING ASSISTANCE

## Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(2) – Assurance 2

\*The State of Wisconsin does not administer a Cooling Assistance Program

**3.1** Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the cooling component:

2020 HHS poverty income level \_\_\_\_\_% OR FY 2021 median income %

**3.2** Do you have additional eligibility requirements for <u>COOLING ASSISTANCE</u> Yes No

**3.3** Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

		<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
• [	o you require an assets test?		
	<ul> <li>Do you have additional/differing eligibility polic</li> <li>Renters?</li> <li>Renters living in subsidized housing?</li> <li>Renters with utilities included in the rent?</li> </ul>	ies for:	
• [	o you give priority in eligibility to:		
	<ul> <li>Elderly?</li> <li>Disabled?</li> <li>Young children?</li> <li>Households with high energy burdens?</li> </ul>		

Other?

**3.4** Describe how you prioritize the provision of cooling assistance to vulnerable households, e.g., benefit amounts, application period, etc.

Determination of Benefits, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

**3.5** Check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels. (Check all that apply):

y)

## Benefit Levels, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B

**3.6** Describe benefit levels:

\$ Minimum bene	efit \$	Maximum benefit
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**3.7** Do you provide in-kind (e.g. fans, air conditioners) and/or other forms of benefits? Yes No -- If yes, describe.

#### Section 4: CRISIS ASSISTANCE,

## Eligibility - 2604(c), 2605(c)(1)(A)

**4.1** Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the crisis component:

Household size	Eligibility Guideline	Eligibility Threshold
All Household Sizes	State Median Income	60.00%

**4.2** Provide your LIHEAP program's definition for determining a crisis.

Households must have existing/imminent lack of adequate heat in dwelling (emergency), or a risk of a heating emergency (prevention). While there is not a formal asset test, consideration may be given to resources available to the household before prevention assistance is provided. No household is eligible for crisis cooling assistance without a declaration by a local or state public health agency of a heat emergency and authorization is given by the Department of Administration.

A household may receive more than one crisis assistance payment.

Determination of eligibility for regular heating assistance benefits determines a household's eligibility for Prevention Assistance for the remainder of the program period.

#### 4.3 What constitutes a life-threatening crisis?

To qualify for a potentially life-threatening crisis, the weather and other conditions must create a concern for the urgent safety concern of the household's residents. Determination of a threat to urgent safety concern of an eligible household is based on four factors: expected low temperature, condition of the dwelling unit (habitable, operable furnace, etc.), presence of vulnerable persons (persons with medical need for heat -- elderly, handicapped, children under six, etc.), and alternatives available to the household (place for temporary relocation, etc.). Medical need for heat may be considered in determining the presence of an emergency for vulnerable persons, including households with young children, handicapped and/or elderly persons. The presence of vulnerable persons may affect the amount and type of benefit provided to the household.

#### Crisis Requirements, 2604(c)

**4.5** Within how many hours do you provide an intervention that will resolve the energy crisis for eligible households in life-threatening situations? <u>18</u> Hours

## Crisis Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A)

**4.6** Do you have additional eligibility requirements for <u>CRISIS ASSISTANCE</u>? Yes No

**4.7** Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
Do you require an assets test?		$\boxtimes$
<ul> <li>Do you give priority in eligibility to:</li> <li>Elderly?</li> <li>Disabled?</li> <li>Young children?</li> <li>Households with high energy burdens?</li> <li>Other?</li> </ul>		
In order to receive crisis assistance:		
<ul> <li>Must the household have received a shut-off notice or have a near empty tank?</li> <li>Must the household have been shut off</li> </ul>		$\boxtimes$
or have an empty tank?		$\ge$
<ul> <li>Must the household have exhausted their regular heating benefit?</li> <li>Must renters with heating costs included</li> </ul>		$\boxtimes$
in their rent have received an eviction notice?		$\boxtimes$
<ul> <li>Must heating/cooling be medically necessary?</li> </ul>		$\boxtimes$
<ul> <li>Must the household have non-working heating or cooling equipment?</li> <li>Other?</li> </ul>		$\boxtimes$
<ul> <li>Do you have additional/differing eligibility polic</li> <li>Renters?</li> <li>Renters living in subsidized housing?</li> <li>Renters with utilities included in the rent?</li> <li>Explanations of policies for each "yes" checked about the substant of polici</li></ul>		$\propto$

Priority in eligibility to elderly, disabled, young children, and households with high energy burdens, please see sections: 8.2.3 and 3.4.16 (included in Section 2).

#### **Determination of Benefits**

4.8 How do you handle crisis situations?

Separate component

Fast Track

Other - Describe

4.9 If you have a separate component, how do you determine crisis assistance benefits?

Amount to resolve crisis, up to a maximum of <u>\$\_\_\_\_\_</u>

Other -Describe

Section 4.2.1.2: Agencies shall work with customers to determine the amount needed to prevent and/or restore an energy loss. The preapproved range to alleviate the crisis situation is \$100 to \$800. The maximum amount allowed for deliverable fuel requests is the minimum fill plus trip charge (when applicable). The maximum amount for natural gas and electric requests is the utility's required down payment to prevent a disconnection and/or restore services. The worker should document, in HE+ System Notes, the requirement for each crisis request. If an exception is needed to these maximum amounts, contact the HE+ Help Desk.

The Department of Administration (Wisconsin Home Energy Assistance Program) has annually been in contract with the Keep Wisconsin Warm Fuel Fund and/or Heat for Heroes. Once the fuel fund has raised match funds, LIHEAP matched funds are awarded. These funds are another resource made available to local sub-grantees for eligible low-income customers.

Section 2.2.2.3: A homeless applicant who has proof of a permanent address they will be moving into may be eligible for an energy assistance benefit if the following conditions are met:

- Verification of a move to a permanent address. This should be verified by a lease agreement, phone call to the landlord, or information from a homeless shelter.
- The applicant must have selected a vendor to provide service in their new residence unless energy service is included in the rent or paid to the landlord in a separate payment.
- If the homeless applicant cannot secure a home energy account due to large arrearages on a previous account, or does not have the money for a deposit, prevention services may be used to assist them with securing energy services.

#### Crisis Requirements, 2604(c)

**4.10** Do you accept applications for energy crisis assistance at sites that are geographically accessible to all households in the area to be served?

🛛 Yes		No
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The State of Wisconsin allows for applications to be taken via the phone, in office, mail, alternate locations, and online. Outreach locations are both categorically and geographically diverse.

**4.11** Do you provide individuals who are physically disabled the means to:

- Submit applications for crisis benefits without leaving their homes?
   Yes No If yes, explain.
- Travel to the sites at which applications for crisis assistance are accepted?

Yes No If yes, explain.

Applications can be taken over the phone or in-person through a home visit. Applications are accepted at all outreach locations. Senior centers, libraries, and community centers are common outreach locations.

## Benefit Levels, 2605(c)(1)(B)

**4.12** Indicate the maximum benefit for each type of crisis assistance offered.

Winter Crisis \$<u>0</u> maximum benefit

Summer Crisis \$<u>n/a</u> maximum benefit

Year-round Crisis \$<u>\$1,200</u> maximum benefit

**4.13** Do you provide in-kind (e.g. blankets, space heaters, fans) and/or other forms of benefits? Yes No If yes, describe.

WHEAP agencies' in-kind provisions include blankets, space heaters, and temporary lodging.

**4.14** Do you provide for equipment repair or replacement using crisis funds? Yes No

**4.15** Check appropriate boxes below to indicate type(s) of assistance provided:

	Winter Crisis	Summer Crisis	Year-round Crisis
Heating system repair			X
Heating system replacement			x
Cooling system repair			X
Cooling system replacement			X
Wood stove purchase			
Pellet stove purchase			
Solar panel(s)			
Utility poles / Gas line hook-ups			X
Other (Specify): temporary lodging			X

**4.16** Do any of the utility vendors you work with enforce a winter moratorium on shut offs? Yes No\_\_\_\_\_

**4.17** Describe the terms of the moratorium and any special dispensation received by LIHEAP clients during or after the moratorium period.

The State of Wisconsin institutes a moratorium on disconnections for regulated utilities from November 1<sup>st</sup> to April 15<sup>th</sup>.

## Section 5: WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE

## Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(2) – Assurance 2

**5.1** Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the weatherization component:

Household size	Eligibility Guideline	Eligibility Threshold			
All Household Sizes	State Median Income	60.00%			
<b>5.2</b> Do you enter into an interagency agreement to have another government agency administer a <b>WEATHERIZATION component</b> ? Yes No					
<ul><li><b>5.3</b> If yes, name the agency</li><li><b>5.4</b> Is there a separate monitorir</li></ul>	ng protocol for weatherization?	Yes No			
WEATHERIZATION - Types of Ru					
<b>5.5</b> Under what rules do you adr Entirely under LIHEAF Entirely under DOE W		(Check only one.)			
<ul> <li>Mostly under LIHEAP rules with the following DOE WAP rule(s) where LIHEAP and WAP rules differ: (Check all that apply.)</li> <li>Income Threshold</li> <li>Weatherization of entire multi-family housing structure is permitted if at least 66% of units (50% in 2- &amp; 4-unit buildings) are eligible units or will become eligible within 180 days.</li> <li>Weatherization of shelters temporarily housing primarily low income persons (excluding nursing homes, prisons, and similar institutional care facilities) is permitted.</li> <li>Other (describe)</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>Mostly under DOE WAP rules, with the following LIHEAP rule(s) where LIHEAP and WAP rules differ: (Check all that apply.)</li> <li>Income Threshold</li> <li>Weatherization not subject to DOE WAP maximum statewide average cost per dwelling unit.</li> <li>Weatherization measures are not subject to DOE Savings to Investment Ratio (SIR) standards.</li> <li>Other (describe)</li> <li>50% eligibility qualifications for multi-unit buildings</li> </ul>					

## Eligibility, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5

	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
5.6 Do you require an assets test?		$\square$
<ul> <li>5.7 Do you have additional/differing eligibility  </li> <li>Renters?</li> <li>Renters living in subsidized housing?</li> </ul>	oolicies for:	
<b>5.8</b> Do you give priority in eligibility to:		
<ul> <li>Elderly?</li> <li>Disabled?</li> <li>Young children?</li> <li>Households with high energy burdens?</li> <li>Other? Tribal Referrals</li> </ul>		

If you selected "Yes" for any of the options in 5.6, 5.7, or 5.8, you must provide further explanation of these policies in the text field below:

Tribal referrals are given priority by Weatherization grantees.

Renters who receive rental assistance (Section 8 or other government assisted housing) and their heat and/or electric is included in their rent and renters who pay neither rent or heating/electric cost because of an in-kind rental agreement are not eligible for energy assistance or weatherization.

The State of Wisconsin requires outreach activities to target households with elderly, disabled or children under six years old and person working at low-wage jobs. Weatherization also targets high energy users, and our statewide computer system automatically refers tribal residents to our weatherization agencies.

#### **Benefit Levels**

**5.9** Do you have a maximum LIHEAP weatherization benefit/expenditure per household?

**5.10** If yes, what is the maximum amount? \$\_\_\_\_\_

## Types of Assistance, 2605(c)(1), (B) & (D)

5.11 What LIHEAP weatherization measures do you provide? (Check all categories that apply.)

Weatherization needs assessments/audits

Caulking and insulation

Storm windows

Furnace/heating system modifications/repairs



## If any of the above questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

Wisconsin's low income housing stock often needs minor structural or electrical improvements before weatherization work can proceed. Wisconsin proposes to use a portion of the allowable 15% transfer to the Weatherization Assistance Program to address minor deferrals so that these units will be in appropriate condition for a weatherization energy audit to be performed and the installation of energy conservation measures. Households may have been deferred previously for weatherization services or are targeted to receive weatherization services within the current WAP year. All households must be determined to be WHEAP eligible at 60% of state median income for program year 2023-2024 prior to the time of work being completed. The predominant reasons for deferral as identified in our tracking of homes deferred for weatherization that would be addressed are minor Water/Moisture Issues in Basements, Ceiling Repair and roof sheathing (structural skin of the roof system) and sheathing weather exposure protection, (not a full roof replacement) and/or Electrical Deficiencies.

## Section 6: Outreach, 2605(b)(3) – Assurance 3, 2605(c)(3)(A)

**6.1** Select all outreach activities that you conduct that are designed to assure that eligible households are made aware of all LIHEAP assistance available:

Place posters/flyers in local and county social service offices, offices of aging, Social Security offices, VA, etc.

Publish articles in local newspapers or broadcast media announcements.

Include inserts in energy vendor billings to inform individuals of the availability of all types of LIHEAP assistance.

Mass mailing(s) to prior-year LIHEAP recipients.

Inform low income applicants of the availability of all types of LIHEAP assistance at application intake for other low-income programs.

Execute interagency agreements with other low-income program offices to perform outreach to target groups.

 $\bigcirc$  Other (specify):

Allocate funds specifically for the purpose of outreach to households with elderly, disabled, rural poor, and/or young children residents.

An early application period is utilized prior to the heating season. This process includes accepting applications during the summer for the following Federal Fiscal Year from targeted households. Automated Applications are processed during the early application period; agencies may also accept early Online Applications.

Accept applications for energy assistance at sites geographically accessible to all households in the area to be served. This includes setting up LIHEAP application sites for targeted households (contacting targeted persons or their representatives to ascertain convenient times and places, contacting community leaders to locate and serve application sites, providing information on alternate sites to organizations/programs likely to reach targeted persons, contacting targeted persons to arrange application appointments, transportation, etc.).

Provide information directly or by selective mailing to targeted applicants, e.g., assistance to understand the application form, translation of material, interpretation services for deaf, reading for blind needed to complete their application.

Facilitate access to state weatherization programs targeted to LIHEAP eligible households and other energy-related services e.g., utility early identification and emergency intervention.

Agencies are required to provide outreach services to maximize participation of eligible persons in the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program. It is the responsibility of each agency to provide application sites accessible to the eligible population in the county/tribe, with particular attention to overcoming barriers for targeted households. Outreach customer benefits include: taking applications, certifying application information, and processing applications at an alternate site.

#### Section 7: Coordination, 2605(b)(4) – Assurance 4

**7.1** Describe how you will ensure that the LIHEAP program is coordinated with other programs available to low-income households (TANF, SSI, WAP, etc.)

Joint application for multiple programs

- Intake referrals to/from other programs
- One-stop intake centers
- Other describe:

Wisconsin administers LIHEAP, DOE, Public Benefit weatherization programs and housing programs through the same state office, the Department of Administration, Division of Energy, Housing and Community Resources (DEHCR). LIHEAP is coordinated at the state level with income maintenance programs through agreements and data collection/sharing with the Department of Children and Families (DCF) and Department of Health Services (DHS). DCF operates the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), W-2, including the jobs and welfare to work program as well as other assistance programs. DHS operates Medicaid, FoodShare (SNAP), and Aging and Disability Resource Centers.

Beginning in FY2001, State of Wisconsin Public Benefits funds were used to make non-heating payments to eligible recipients. Public Benefit funds are fully integrated into the Wisconsin Home Energy Assistance Program, WHEAP. LIHEAP funding may be used to sustain non-heating payments to eligible recipients.

Coordination between the state and local level is achieved by including representation from a variety of private and government agencies interested in energy services and/or services for low-income persons on the Low Income Energy Advisory Committee (LIEAC). Wisconsin also utilizes a workgroup from the Wisconsin Home Energy Assistance Program (WHEAP) agencies to provide input on new policy and system related changes.

WHEAP agencies coordinate their programs with each other, with utility-operated programs and with other government and nonprofit programs operated within their service area. WHEAP Agencies are required to develop a local coordination plan annually to show what is being done to coordinate with weatherization agencies, fuel providers (utility and bulk fuels), and other local groups.

## Section 8: Agency Designation, 2605(b)(6) – Assurance 6

**8.1** How would you categorize the primary responsibility of your State agency?

- Administration Agency
   Commerce Agency
   Community Services Agency
   Energy/Environment Agency
   Housing Agency
   Welfare Agency
- Other describe:

### Alternate Outreach and Intake, 2605(b)(15) – Assurance 15

If you selected "Welfare Agency" in question 8.1, you must complete questions 8.2, 8.3, and 8.4 as applicable.

8.2 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for HEATING ASSISTANCE? N/A

8.3 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for COOLING ASSISTANCE?

N/A

**8.4** How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for **CRISIS ASSISTANCE**?

#### N/A

8.5 LIHEAP Component	Heating	<u>Cooling</u>	Crisis	Weatherization
Administration				
8.5a Who determines client	Other	N/A	Other	Other
eligibility?				
8.5b Who processes benefit	State	N/A	State	
payments to gas and electric	Administration		Administration	
vendors?	Agency		Agency	
8.5c Who processes benefit	State	N/A	State	
payments to bulk fuel vendors?	Administration		Administration	
	Agency		Agency	
8.5d Who performs installation of				Non-Profits
weatherization measures?				

If any of your LIHEAP components are not centrally-administered by a state agency, you must complete questions 8.6, 8.7, 8.8, and if application, 8.9.

#### 8.6 What is your process for selecting local administering agencies?

State of Wisconsin Statute requires the contracts for administering the program be with Wisconsin counties, tribal governments, or non-profits. The State of Wisconsin contracts with 20 counties, seven non-profit organizations, and six tribes.

Wisconsin follows Department of Energy regulation 440.15 for selecting weatherization subgrantees.

- 8.7 How many local administering agencies do you use?
  - 33 (20 counties, 6 tribes, 7 non-profits)
- 8.8 Have you changed any local administering agencies from last year?

Yes	Nc
-----	----

8.9 If so, why?

 $\bowtie$ 

Agency was in noncompliance with grantee requirements for LIHEAP

Agency is under criminal investigation

- Added agency
- Agency closed
- 🖄 Other describe

During FFY 2021, the State of Wisconsin Department of Administration's Division of Energy, Housing, and Community Resources (DEHCR) determined that Wisconsin statute allows DEHCR to contract with either county or tribal governments, or other non-profit agencies to administer the LIHEAP program, known as Wisconsin Home Energy Assistance Program (WHEAP). Previously, 26 of Wisconsin's 72 counties were subcontracting with non-profit organizations to operate WHEAP. DEHCR reached out to all the state's counties and tribes to inform them that they could choose to have DEHCR contract directly with a non-profit organization, and no longer have administrative responsibilities for WHEAP. As a result of this change, DEHCR's WHEAP contracts reduced from 78 agencies (72 counties and six tribes) to 36 agencies for FFY 2023 and have reduced further to 33 agencies for FFY 2024.

One statewide non-profit organization has a direct contract with DEHCR to operate WHEAP for 33 counties. This organization also processes all online applications for the entire state and operates a statewide Customer Care Center.

#### Section 9: Energy Suppliers, 2605(b)(7) – Assurance 7

9.1 Do you make payments directly to home energy suppliers?

Heating	🛛 Yes	No No
Cooling	Yes	🔀 No
Crisis	🛛 Yes	🗌 No
Are there exceptions?	? 🔀 Yes	No No

#### If yes, Describe.

For all of the items requiring policy references, please access the Wisconsin Home Energy Assistance Program (WHEAP) Manual at:

<u>https://energyandhousing.wi.gov/Pages/AgencyResources/energy-assistance.aspx</u> and access the following sections:

- 1. Heating, please see sections 1.3.1, 7.1, 7.2, and 7.8
- 2. Crisis, please see sections 1.1.2, 4.2.1, and 7.2
- 3. Exceptions, please see sections 7.1, 7.3, and 7.4

9.2 How do you notify the client of the amount of assistance paid?

At the time the LIHEAP payment is sent to the vendor, a payment notification is generated and sent to the customer, indicating the amount of the payment and the vendor to whom the payment was made. When applications are completed interactively, customers are informed at the conclusion of the interview the amount of benefits that will be paid to their energy provider. Additionally, each Wednesday, the Wisconsin system processes all completed applications and the system mails customer notification letters.

Households receiving weatherization and/or energy related repairs receive a written work agreement of work to be performed.

**9.3** How do you assure that the home energy supplier will charge the eligible household, in the normal billing process, the difference between the actual cost of the home energy and the amount of the payment?

The Department of Administration requires vendors to register for participation in the heating assistance program by completing and signing a Vendor Agreement. To register, fuel suppliers agree that clients will be: treated equally with non-LIHEAP households, not be adversely affected, e.g., the eligible household will be charged in the supplier's normal billing process, the price charged will be the price normally charged non-LIHEAP eligible households, invoices will clearly indicate the amount and cost of home energy provided, and no discrimination will occur against eligible households with respect to terms, deferred payment plans, credit, conditions of sales or discounts offered other home energy customers.

In addition, a Vendor Desktop Monitoring process is in place to conduct a review of LIHEAP payments and fuel provided, in comparison with non-LIHEAP customers.

Crisis assistance payments are only made to vendors registered for heating assistance. In addition to signing assurances guaranteeing that LIHEAP clients will be treated equally with non-LIHEAP

households and will not be adversely affected, registered vendors are required to provide information on costs and procedures for emergency fuel delivery.

Energy related home repair and weatherization purchases made by LIHEAP weatherization providers follow appropriate state or federal procurement guidelines and applicable material standards.

**9.4** How do you assure that no household receiving assistance under this title will be treated adversely because of their receipt of LIHEAP assistance?

The Department of Administration requires vendors to register for participation in the heating assistance program by completing and signing a Vendor Agreement. To register, fuel suppliers agree that customers will be: treated equally with non-LIHEAP households, not be adversely affected, e.g., the eligible household will be charged in the supplier's normal billing process, the price charged will be the price normally charged non- LIHEAP eligible households, invoices will clearly indicate the amount and cost of home energy provided, and no discrimination will occur against eligible households with respect to terms, deferred payment plans, credit, conditions of sales or discounts offered other home energy customers.

In addition, a Vendor Desktop Monitoring process is in place to conduct a review of LIHEAP payments and fuel provided, in comparison with non-LIHEAP customers.

Crisis assistance payments are only made to vendors registered for heating assistance. In addition to signing assurances guaranteeing that LIHEAP clients will be treated equally with non-LIHEAP households and will not be adversely affected, registered vendors are required to provide information on costs and procedures for emergency fuel delivery.

Energy related home repair and weatherization purchases made by LIHEAP weatherization providers follow appropriate state or federal procurement guidelines and applicable material standards.

9.5 Do you make payments contingent on unregulated	d vendors	taking app	oropriate i	measures to
alleviate the energy burdens of eligible households?	$\boxtimes$	Yes		No.

If so, describe the measures unregulated vendors may take.

Unregulated vendors are subject to the same program operation policies as regulated vendors. All vendors must register with the Wisconsin Home Energy Assistance Program (WHEAP) by submitting a complete and signed vendor agreement before any payments are made to the vendor. Vendor access to the Home Energy Plus System is limited and does not allow vendors to enter information into the system. Vendor payments are Home Energy Plus System generated and based on approved applications.

## Section 10: Program, Fiscal Monitoring, and Audit, 2605(b)(10) – Assurance 10

10.1 How do you ensure good fiscal accounting and tracking of LIHEAP funds?

The Monitoring Team uses a multi-faceted approach to track sub-grantee awards. The Monitoring Team conducts regular analysis of sub-grantee spending. Contract fund analysis includes an ongoing assessment of the frequency and reasonableness of agency invoicing. The Monitoring Team assesses spending across each of the contract accounts to determine the appropriateness and reasonableness of agency spending. The Monitoring Team also evaluates staff activity logs and provides Training and Technical Assistance (T&TA) as needed to ensure that costs are assigned to the correct account lines. Agencies are also required to segregate the invoice creation and invoice approver duties to maintain program integrity. The Monitoring Team also conducts fiscal monitoring of all contracts by reviewing select invoices with subgrantee provided supporting documentation.

The Division's Home Energy Plus (HE+) System, processes agency invoices for payment. Safeguards are built into the system to ensure that no funds are expended beyond the allowable contractual period. The Division proactively communicates with agencies via policy, training and network wide communications advising them to submit their invoices within the allowable contractual period. They are further advised that any expenses submitted outside of this period will not be paid.

The Division reviews the findings from the required State Single Audit. Agencies are required to have a two-tier approval process for invoicing and must annually submit their financial audits to the State. Agency internal control deficiencies are discussed to determine if there is a potential to affect the integrity of the program. As part of this process, agencies are also required to disclose any instances of worker fraud. Refunds are tracked and recorded in the HE+ System.

#### Audit Process

**10.2** Is your LIHEAP program audited annually under the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133?

**10.3** Describe any audit findings rising to the level of material weakness or reportable condition cited in the A-133 audits, Grantee monitoring assessments, inspector general reviews, or other government agency reviews of the LIHEAP agency from the most recently audited federal fiscal year.

No Findings

Finding	Туре	Brief Summary	Resolved?	Action Taken

**10.4** Audits of Local Administering Agencies

• What types of annual audit requirements do you have in place for local administering agencies/district offices?

Local agencies/district offices are required to have an annual audit in compliance with the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133.

Local agencies/district offices are required to have an annual audit (other than A-133).

Local agencies/district offices' A-133 or other independent audits are reviewed by Grantee as part of compliance process.

Grantee conducts fiscal and program monitoring of local agencies/district offices.

#### **Compliance Monitoring**

**10.5** Describe the Grantee's strategies for monitoring compliance with the Grantee's and Federal LIHEAP policies and procedures: Select all that apply.

Grantee employees:

- Internal program review

 $\times$  Departmental oversight

imes Secondary review of invoices and payments

Other program review mechanisms are in place. Describe

- The State of Wisconsin, Department of Administration, Division of Energy, Housing and Community Resources (DEHCR) conducts regular monitoring of its grantees via Administrative **Reviews and Desktop Monitoring.**
- The DEHCR monitoring activities measure policy compliance in the following key program components: Fiscal and Program Operations, Program Integrity, and Case File Review.

Local Administering Agencies/District Offices:

 $\times$  On-site evaluation Annual program review Monitoring through Central Database  $\times$  Desk reviews

Client File Testing/Sampling

 $\times$  Other program review mechanisms are in place.

Describe:

Local agencies are required to conduct internal quality assurance reviews. Quality Assurance reviews ensure that workers are correctly interpreting and applying program requirements, policies, and eligibility determination.

**10.6** Explain, or attach a copy of, your local agency monitoring schedule and protocol.

Prior to each program year, DEHCR conducts an evaluation that is based primarily on prior program year monitoring activities. The evaluation outputs are used to establish a provisional schedule for Administrative Reviews (onsite) and Desktop Monitoring activities.

10.7 Describe how you select local agencies for monitoring reviews?

#### Site Visits:

All agencies are monitored on an annual basis. An Administrative Review (onsite) is conducted for agencies with a higher evaluation (score). The feasibility of conducting onsite reviews is reviewed regularly by DEHCR in order to conduct an Administrative Review for agencies with a higher score.

Desk Reviews: All agencies not scheduled for an onsite review are scheduled for a Desktop Monitoring review.

**10.8** How often is each local agency monitored?

All agencies are monitored on an annual basis.

**10.9** What is the combined error rate for eligibility determinations? (Optional)

The case files reviewed in FFY 2023 identified a cumulative error rate of 0.83% where the error resulted in a household being wrongly determined as eligible or being wrongly determined as ineligible.

**10.10** What is the combined error rate for benefit determinations? (Optional)

The case files reviewed in FFY 2023 identified a cumulative error rate of 2%.

**10.11** How many local agencies are currently on corrective action plans for eligibility and/or benefit determination issues?

None

**10.12** How many local agencies are currently on corrective action plans for financial accounting or administrative issues?

None

### Section 11: Timely and Meaningful Public Participation, 2605(b)(12) – Assurance 12, 2605(c)(2)

**11.1** How did you obtain input from the public in the development of your LIHEAP plan?

Check all that apply:

- Tribal Council meeting(s)
- Public Hearing(s)

igtriangle Draft Plan posted to website and available for comment

- Hard copy of plan is available for public view and comment
- Comments from applicants are recorded
- Request for comments on draft Plan is advertised
- Stakeholder consultation meeting(s)
- Comments are solicited during outreach activities
- Other, describe:

11.2 What changes did you make to your LIHEAP plan as a result of this participation?

N/A

## Public Hearings, 2605(a)(2) – For States and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico Only

**11.3** List the date(s) and location(s) that you held public hearing(s) on the proposed use and distribution of your LIHEAP funds?

Date	Event Description	

11.4 How many parties commented on your plan at the hearing(s)?

0

**11.5** Summarize the comments you received at the hearing(s).

N/A

11.6 What changes did you make to your LIHEAP plan as a result of the public hearing(s)?

N/A

## Section 12: Fair Hearings, 2605(b)(13) – Assurance 13

12.1 How many fair hearings did the grantee have in the prior Federal fiscal year? Ten

12.2 How many of those fair hearings resulted in the initial decision being reversed? Zero

**12.3** Describe any policy and/or procedural changes made in the last Federal fiscal year as a result of fair hearings? N/A

**12.4** Describe your fair hearing procedures for households whose applications are denied.

Households have 45 days from the date the application process was completed to file a fair hearing if they believe their application was incorrectly denied, the application received no action in the appropriate timeframe or incorrect facts or improper procedures were used to determine eligibility, assistance amounts, or services provided. The fair hearing procedures follows three steps:

Step 1: Local WHEAP Agency reviews the appeal request and works with the household to try to resolve the issue. If the household is not satisfied with the outcome of the WHEAP Agency's response, a written formal appeal may be submitted to the Division.

Step 2: The Division reviews the formal appeal to ensure compliance with the WHEAP policies, procedures, and applicable statutes. Once DEHCR completes their review, a written appeal decision is sent to the household. If the household is still not satisfied with the outcome of DEHCR's decision, a written formal appeal may be submitted to the Division of Hearings and Appeals (DHA).

Step 3: DHA receives an appeal request and sends an email with a copy of that request, along with a Summary of Action Leading to Appeal form "summary form" and a Request Withdrawal form to the local WHEAP agency contact. The local WHEAP agency completes the summary form and emails it back to DHA.

If the local WHEAP agency is able to resolve the issue with the household, the WHEAP agency indicates that the issue was resolved and explains the actions taken in the Explanation of Action section of the summary form and advises the household to withdraw the appeal.

If the matter has not been resolved between the local WHEAP agency and household, DHA uses the information provided in the summary form to schedule the hearing.

DHA sends a letter to the household notifying them of receipt of the appeal, a letter when the hearing date is sent, and a letter with outcome results.

#### 12.5 When and how are applicants informed of these rights?

Applicants are provided these rights upon application through signing a Certification Page and via the Benefit Notice.

**12.6** Describe your fair hearing procedures for households whose applications are not acted on in a timely manner.

All appeal requests are handled in the same manner regardless of the reason.

#### 12.7 When and how are applicants informed of these rights?

Applicants are provided these rights upon application through signing a Certification Page and via the Benefit Notice.

## Section 13: Reduction of home energy needs, 2605(b)(16) – Assurance 16

**13.1** Describe how you use LIHEAP funds to provide services that encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs and thereby the need for energy assistance?

The State of Wisconsin may, through contract with local LIHEAP providers and/or under contract with the Wisconsin Community Action Program and/or through arrangements with other service providers, engage in the following activities:

- 1. Budget counseling, energy conservation training, copayment agreements, advocacy with fuel suppliers, household energy assessments and referrals.
- 2. Support for services provided by leveraged funds. These services will include those provided under regular crisis assistance, but only when non-federal funds are used toward copayments, etc.
- 3. Intensive case management targeted to households selected from those as "high heating costs compared to household income" and "high heating costs for dwelling type".
- 4. Educational classes may be offered through third-party contract agencies, utilities, state staff, or other qualified individuals.

13.2 How do you ensure that you don't use more than 5% of your LIHEAP funds for these activities?

Wisconsin does not utilize funds under Assurance 16. The State of Wisconsin conducts similar activities that are reported via the Outreach and Crisis Assistance components of the program.

**13.3** Describe the impact of such activities on the number of households served in the previous Federal fiscal year.

N/A

**13.4** Describe the level of direct benefits provided to those households in the previous Federal fiscal year.

N/A

- **13.5** How many households applied for these services? N/A
- **13.6** How many households received these services? N/A

#### Section 14: Leveraging Incentive Program, 2607(A)

**14.1** Do you plan to submit an application for the leveraging incentive program?

🗌 Yes 🛛 No

**14.2** Describe instructions to the third parties and/or local agencies for submitting LIHEAP leveraging resource information and retaining records.

If leveraging funds become available, Wisconsin would apply for them.

**14.3** For each type of resource and/or benefit to be leveraged in the upcoming year that will meet the requirements of 45 C.F.R. § 96.87(d)(2)(iii), describe the following:

What is the type of resource or benefit?	What is the source(s) of the resource?	How will the resource be integrated and coordinated with the LIHEAP program?

## Section 15: Training

**15.1** Describe the training you provide for each of the following groups:

a. Grantee Staff:

Formal training on grantee policies and procedures

- How often?
- Annually
- 🔀 Biannually
- 🔀 As needed

Other – Describe:

Employees are provided with policy manual

Other – Describe:

New employees are provided with an orientation packet that includes policy and program related information

b. Local Agencies:

Formal training conference

How often?

Annually

X Biannually

🔀 As needed

Other – Describe:

🖄 On-site training

How often?

Annually

\_\_\_ Biannually

🔀 As needed

Other – Describe:

Training is provided via ongoing help desk and monitoring activities.

Employees are provided with policy manual

Other – Describe:

Online training modules are available for viewing throughout the program year.

c. Vendors

Formal training conference

- How often?
- Annually
- Biannually

🛛 As needed

Other – Describe:

Policies communicated through vendor agreements

Policies are outlined in a vendor manual

Other – Describe:

Training is provided via help desk activities and Informational Transmittals

**15.2** Does your training program address fraud reporting and prevention?

Yes No

#### Section 16: Performance Goals and Measures, 2605(b)

**16.1** Describe your progress toward meeting the data collection and reporting requirements of the four required LIHEAP performance measures. Include timeframe and plans for meeting these requirements and what you believe will be accomplished in the coming federal fiscal year.

The State of Wisconsin has implemented the required LIHEAP Performance Measures into our web-based application intake system, as well as the paper application process. Every applicant provides a response to the performance measures questions and that information is retained and made available for reporting purposes. All required data elements will be reported by the annual deadline.

## Section 17: Program Integrity, 2605(b)(10)

**17.1** Fraud Reporting Mechanisms

**a.** Describe all mechanisms available to the public for reporting cases of suspected waste, fraud, and abuse. Select all that apply.

- Online Fraud Reporting
- Dedicated Fraud Reporting Hotline
- Report directly to local agency/district office or Grantee office
- Report to State Inspector General or Attorney General
- Forms and procedures in place for local agencies/district offices and vendors to report fraud, waste, and abuse.
- Other describe:
  - WHEAP approved vendors provide referrals for cases to review as well.
- **b.** Describe strategies in place for advertising the above-referenced resources. Select all that apply.
  - Printed outreach materials
  - Addressed on LIHEAP application
  - 🛛 Website
  - Other describe:
- 17.2 Identification Documentation Requirements
  - **a.** Indicate which of the following forms of identification are required or requested to be collected from LIHEAP applicants or their household members.

Turne of Identification	Collected from Whom?		
Type of Identification Collected	Applicant Only	All Adults in HH	HH Members Seeking Assistance*
Social Security Card is	Required	Required	Required
photocopied and retained	Requested	Requested	Requested
Social Security Number	Required	Required	Required 🔀
(without actual card)	Requested	Requested	Requested
Government-issued identification card (i.e.:	Required	Required	Required
driver's license, state ID, Tribal ID, passport, etc.)	Requested	Requested	Requested
Other:	Required	Required	Required

**b.** Describe any exceptions to the above policies.

The following are Social Security Number exceptions:

- Infants under 60 days old
- Religiously exempt from Social Security
- Ineligible non-citizens
- Household members over 60 days old with Division approval

## **17.3** Identification Verification

Describe what methods are used to verify the authenticity of identification documents provided by clients or household members. Select all that apply.

- Verify SSNs with Social Security Administration
- oxed Match SSNs with death records from Social Security Administration or state agency
- Match SSNs with state eligibility/management system (e.g., SNAP, TANF)

] Match with state Department of Labor system

Match with state and/or federal corrections system

Match with state child support system

- Verification using private software (e.g., The Work Number)
- In-person certification by staff (for tribal grantee's only)

Match SSN/Tribal ID number with tribal database [

Other – describe:

## 17.4 Citizenship/Legal Residency Verification

What are your procedures for ensuring that household members are U.S. citizens or aliens who are qualified to receive LIHEAP benefits? Select all that apply.

Clients sign an attestation of citizenship or legal residency

Clients' submission of Social Security cards is accepted as proof of legal residency

Noncitizens must provide documentation of immigration status

Citizens must provide a copy of their birth certificate, naturalization papers, or passport

Noncitizens are verified through the SAVE system

Tribal members are verified through Tribal database/Tribal ID card

Other – describe:

**17.5** Income Verification

What methods does your agency utilize to verify household income? Select all that apply.

Require documentation of income for all adult household members

🛛 Pay stubs

imes Social Security award letters

 $\ge$  Bank statements

 $\times$  Tax statements

Zero-income statements

imes Unemployment Insurance letters

Other – describe:

Local agencies have access to verify through Department of Health Services eligibility/management system CARES Worker WEB (CWW). The local agencies are required to upload all income verifications to the HE+ System.

Computer data matches:

- Income information matched against state computer system (e.g., SNAP, TANF)
  - Proof of unemployment benefits verified with state Department of Labor
- Social Security income verified with SSA
- Utilize state directory of new hires
- Other describe:

Local agencies have access to verify unemployment benefits and social security income through other State Departments' eligibility/management system. The local agencies can also use the state directory of quarterly wage matches and new hires.

## 17.6 Protection of Privacy and Confidentiality

Describe the financial and operating controls in place to protect client information against improper use or disclosure. Select all that apply.

- Policy in place prohibiting release of information without written consent
- Grantee LIHEAP database includes privacy/confidentiality safeguards
- Employee training on confidentiality for:
  - Grantee employees

⊠local agencies/district offices

- Employees must sign confidentiality agreement
  - Grantee employees
  - ⊠ local agencies/district offices
- Physical files are stored in a secure location
  - Other describe:

Sub-grantees are required to agree to an online confidentiality agreement within the State's Home Energy Plus system. Sub-grantees that don't have access to the State's Home Energy Plus system are required to complete written confidentiality agreements and retain them locally. On site reviews include a component of physical confirmation of the protection of customer information.

17.7 Verifying the Authenticity

What policies are in place for verifying vendor authenticity? Select all that apply.

- All vendors must register with the State
- All vendors must supply a valid SSN or TIN/W-9 form
- Vendors are verified through energy bills provided by the household
- Grantee and/or local agencies/district offices perform physical monitoring of vendors
- Other describe, and note any exceptions to policies above:

State of Wisconsin performs desktop monitoring of approved program vendors

## 17.8 Benefits Policy – Gas and Electric Utilities

What policies are in place to protect against fraud when making benefit payments to gas and electric utilities on behalf of clients? Select all that apply.

- Applicants required to submit proof of physical residency
- Applicants must submit current utility bill
- Data exchange with utilities that verifies:
  - 🔀 Account ownership
  - $\boxtimes$  Consumption
  - 🛛 Balances
  - Payment history
    - Account is properly credited with benefit
  - Other describe:
    - If account is active
- Centralized computer system/database tracks payments to all utilities
- Centralized computer system automatically generates benefit level
  - Separation of duties between intake and payment approval
- Payments coordinated among other heating assistance programs to avoid duplication of payments
- Payments to utilities and invoices from utilities are reviewed for accuracy
- Computer databases are periodically reviewed to verify accuracy and timeliness of payments made to utilities
- Direct payment to households are made in limited cases only
- Procedures are in place to require prompt refunds from utilities in cases of account closure



Vendor agreements specify requirements selected above, and provide enforcement mechanism Other – describe:

The State of Wisconsin conducts program vendor monitoring in which a review of payments is conducted.

## 17.9 Benefits Policy — Bulk Fuel Vendors

What procedures are in place for averting fraud and improper payments when dealing with bulk fuel suppliers of heating oil, propane, wood, and other bulk fuel vendors? Select all that apply.

Vendors are checked against an approved vendors list

 $\boxtimes$  Centralized computer system/database is used to track payments to all vendors

Clients are relied on for reports of non-delivery or partial delivery

Two-party checks are issued naming client and vendor

igtriangle Direct payment to households are made in limited cases only

Vendors are only paid once they provide a delivery receipt signed by the client

Conduct monitoring of bulk fuel vendors

Bulk fuel vendors are required to submit reports to the Grantee

- $\boxtimes$  Vendor agreements specify requirements selected above, and provide enforcement mechanism
  - Other describe:

## 17.10 Investigations and Prosecutions

Describe the Grantee's procedures for investigating and prosecuting reports of fraud, and any sanctions placed on clients/staff/vendors found to have committed fraud. Select all that apply.

Refer to state Inspector General

Refer to local prosecutor or state Attorney General

Refer to US DHHS Inspector General (including referral to OIG hotline)

igtriangle Local agencies/district offices or Grantee conduct investigation of fraud complaints from public

Grantee attempts collection of improper payments. If so, describe the recoupment process.

The Home Energy Plus System (Intake System) contains mechanisms for recording, collecting, and issuing communication of improper payments.

Clients found to have committed fraud are banned from LIHEAP assistance. For how long is a household banned?

Contracts with local agencies require that employees found to have committed fraud are reprimanded and/or terminated

Vendors found to have committed fraud may no longer participate in LIHEAP

Other — describe: